

Andrew F Tyler, MD, PhD

Texas Tech Physicians of El Paso at Alberta:

4801 Alberta Ave El Paso, TX 79905

Texas Tech Physicians of El Paso at Transmountain: 2000B Transmountain Rd

El Paso, TX 79911

Appointments: (915) 215-5400 **Fax:** (915) 215-8631

Postoperative Instructions: Tibial Plateau Fracture Surgery

General goals:

Full ankle range of motion Decreased pain and swelling (edema) Return to prior activity

Immediate postoperative period (0-2 weeks after surgery)

	inter surgery)
Goals	Control pain
	Reduce swelling
	Minimize loss of strength in the core, hips, knees, ankles, and upper extremities
	Demonstrate safe mobility with weight bearing precautions
	Avoid complications (wound healing, falls)
Restrictions	No weight bearing on the operative extremity
	Range of motion as tolerated in the operative hip, knee, and ankle
Bracing	Hinged knee brace (unlocked)
Exercises	While in your brace, perform the following exercises 3 times a day, 10-20 repetitions each:
	Ankle rotation exercises
	Heel cord and calf stretches
	Toe curls
	Knee extension (hinged knee brace only)
	Knee flexion (hinged knee brace only)
	Please visit https://ota.org/for-patients/physical-therapy/ankle and
	https://ota.org/for-patients/physical-therapy/knee to view videos of the prescribed exercises
Interventions	Swelling and Pain
	RICE: Rest, Ice, Compression, and Elevation
	Ice can be applied over the splint
	Multimodal pain control (see separate handout)
	Gait Training
	Use a wheelchair, walker, or crutches for mobilization
	Physical Therapy
	No formal physical therapy during this time
	<u>DVT/PE</u>
	 Most patients will require medication to prevent blood clots in your legs after surgery Most patients will be prescribed aspirin (81 mg) twice daily for 6 weeks
	 However, patients at higher risk (clotting disorders, previous clot, use of certain birth control medications) may be placed on a different medication

First postoperative visit (~2 weeks after surgery): Sutures are removed and Steri-Strips are placed on the surgical wound(s). You may shower and get the wound(s) wet with soapy water at this time, but do not submerge the wound(s). Pat dry afterwards (do not scrub). If applicable, the knee immobilizer is exchange for a hinged knee brace, unlocked, with full range of motion. X-rays are taken to evaluate healing. Physical therapy is started at a location convenient to the patient.

Early postoperative period (2-6 weeks after surgery; after first postoperative visit)

Goals	Control pain
	Reduce swelling
	Minimize loss of strength in the core, hips, knees, ankles, and upper extremities
	Demonstrate safe mobility with weight bearing precautions
	Increase range of motion
	Avoid complications (wound healing, falls)
Restrictions	Protected weight bearing on the operative extremity (weightbearing as tolerated used crutches or a walker) in the brace
	A wheelchair is also acceptable if you are unable to use crutches or a walker
	Slowly increase the amount of weight placed on the operative ankle each week ($25\% \rightarrow 50\% \rightarrow 75\%$
	ightarrow100%), weaning the crutches or walker as tolerated
Bracing	Hinged knee brace, unlocked, with full range of motion
Exercises	While in your brace, perform the following exercises 3 times a day, 10-20 repetitions each:
	Ankle rotation exercises
	Seated heel-toe raises
	Heel cord and calf stretches
	Toe curls
	Knee extension
	Knee flexion
	Please visit https://ota.org/for-patients/physical-therapy/ankle and
	https://ota.org/for-patients/physical-therapy/knee to view videos of the prescribed exercises
Interventions	Swelling and Pain
	RICE: Rest, Ice, Compression, and Elevation
	 Multimodal pain control (see separate handout); narcotics (opioids) should be weaned at
	this stage
	Gait Training
	Use a wheelchair, walker, or cruches for mobilization; however, these can be weaned as
	tolerated
	Physical Therapy
	 A physical therapy prescription will be written at this time to work on range of motion and

Second postoperative visit (~6 weeks after surgery): Range of motion is checked, and X-rays are taken to evaluate healing. Physical therapy is continued.

Intermediate postoperative period

(6-12 weeks after surgery; after second postoperative visit)

Goals	Manage swelling
	Minimize loss of strength in the core, hips, knees, ankles, and upper extremities
	Demonstrate safe mobility with weight bearing precautions
	Increase range of motion
Restrictions	Weight bearing as tolerated on the operative extremity
Bracing	The knee brace is slowly weaned as tolerated
Exercises	Remove the boot and perform the following exercises 3 times a day, 10-20 repetitions each, in addition to any exercises you learn at physical therapy:
	 Ankle rotation exercises Seated heel-toe raises Standing heel raise Stand up exercise Heel cord and calf stretches Toe curls Knee extension Knee flexion
	Please visit <u>https://ota.org/for-patients/physical-therapy/ankle</u> and <u>https://ota.org/for-patients/physical-therapy/knee</u> to view videos of the prescribed exercises

	You may also begin any of the following exercises:
	Single leg stance
	Closed chain lower extremity exercises such as leg press
	Stationary bike
	Treadmill walking (once out of the boot)
Interventions	Swelling and Pain
	Soft tissue mobilization (such as massage) often help with swelling at this point
	Compression stockings may also be used
	 Multimodal pain control may be weaned as tolerated
	Gait Training
	Use a wheelchair, walker, crutches, or knee scooter for mobilization; however, these car
	be weaned as tolerated
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	Physical Thorapy
	Physical Therapy
	 Continue working with physical therapy on gait, range of motion, strengthening, and
	proprioception

Third postoperative visit (~3 months after surgery): Range of motion is again check, and X-rays are taken to evaluate healing. Some patients have completed physical therapy by this visit. Sports-specific activity may be resumed.

Late postoperative period (>12 weeks after surgery; after third postoperative visit)

Goals	Manage swelling
	Increase strength in the core, hips, knees, ankles, and upper extremities
	Improve balance and control of the operative extremity
	Return to sports-specific activity
Restrictions	None
Bracing	None
Exercises	Continue to perform the above exercises whenever possible, progressing to sport-specific activity
	as indicated
Interventions	Swelling and Pain
	• Swelling should be minimal at this point; however, compression stocking may be used if it
	is an issue
	If there is still significant pain, a Pain Management referral may be indicated
	Gait Training
	Ambulate as much as possible
	Jogging/running is also allowed
	Physical Therapy
	Continue with physical therapy as indicated

Fourth postoperative visit (~6 months after surgery): X-rays are taken to confirm full healing (union) of the fracture. Any residual issues are addressed. If there are no remaining issues, this is often the final postoperative visit.

Showering: Immediately after surgery, you may shower as needed as long as the waterproof dressing is in place. After sutures are removed, you may shower and get the wound wet.

Driving: Prior to driving, you must be off all narcotic pain medication (such as tramadol or oxycodone). For right tibial plateau surgery, you must be fully weight bearing without crutches; this usually occurs around 6-9 weeks after surgery. For left tibial plateau surgery, you may drive an automatic transmission at any point; for manual transmission, you must be fully weight bearing without crutches.

Skin care: Steri-Strips are placed on the wound(s) after your sutures are removed, typically at your first postoperative appointment. These typically fall off on their own but can be removed after 1 week. Once the wound has healed, you may use cocoa butter or a Vitamin E ointment (such as Mederma Scar Cream) to soften the scar.

Scar massage: Scar massage helps to reduce stiffness and improved range of motion while softening the scar. You may start scar massage once the wound has healed, and perform it for 5 minutes, 2-3 times a day. Please visit https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=D26Q4VI3Ga4 for an example of scar massage.

Infection: Please call the office if you experience any of the following symptoms:

• Increased drainage from the incision

- Increased redness around the incision site
- Foul odor
- Fever greater that 101°F